叉麻蝇属一新种记述*

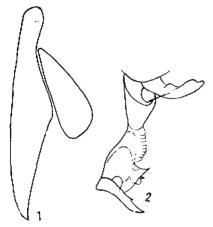
(双翅目: 麻绳科)

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本文记述麻蝇科叉麻蝇属 (Robineauella Enderlein, 1928) 一个新种,模式标本存军事医学科学院标本室。

暗鳞叉麻蝇Robineauella nigribasicosta, 新种 (图 1-4)



- 图 1 暗蜂又麻蝇Robineauella nigribasicosta sp. nov. 《肛尾叶和侧尾叶侧面观

体长, 14-16毫米。

雄,头部。额鬃13—16对;侧颜毛密,上半部有不规则的4—5列,下半部仅1列,最长的毛比侧颜宽度为短;额宽狭于头宽的¹/₃,间额约为侧额的4倍宽;触角较短,它的第三节长度为第二节长的2倍,触角芒很长,芒羽状毛不太长,裸端占芒长的²/₅;赖宽,它的高度约为复眼赢的¹/₃强; 颊毛全黑, 颊后头沟后方的毛也几乎全为黑色,侧后头区毛大部为淡色, 嵌后鬃 3行,均完整。间额黑色,侧颜和侧额下半部有银白色粉被;颜、触角第三节有银白色薄粉被;颊和触须黑色。

新幹标本采集者有來轉章、倪涛、李忠诚请同志, 進政辦忱、 本文1981年4月13日收到。

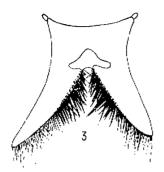


图3 暗疑又麻蝇Robineauella nigribasicosta sp. nov.c⁷第五腹板,腹面型

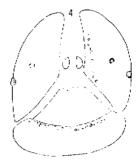


图 4 晴縣又麻蝇Rebineauella nigribasicosta sp. nov. 空后腹部、后面现

胸部,前胸腹板长秋,后半部有缘毛;前胸侧板中央凹陷处裸;前气门暗色。中鬃0+1;青中聚(6-7)+(5-6),最后两根后背中聚粗壮;肩鬃3;肩后鬃2;沟前缀1,翅内鬃1+2,沟前的一根很纤细;翅上鬃3,翅后鬃2,均粗社。翅:前缘基鳞棕色、暗色乃至黑色;前缘刺不发达,前缘脉第三段长于第五段,长度比为5.5:3.5; R₁脉裸; R₄₊₅脉上、下面均有小毛列; 腋辫白色,上、下腋辫接合处的缘缨毛深棕色乃至黑色,深色缨毛延伸达下腋辫外缘约1/2处,上腋辫缘缨毛在有的个体也较暗;平衡棒深棕色。足,前足股节后腹面有稍长的缨毛,胫节无缨毛;中足股节前、后腹面有长缨毛,以后腹面的缨毛长而密,中足胫节前、后腹面均有长缨毛,后足股节前、后腹面有长缨毛,以后腹面的缨毛长而密,后足胫节前、后腹面均有长缨毛。

腹部:第三背板无缘鬃;第二至第四腹板密布细毛长,其中大部份长毛呈缨毛状,末端卷曲;第五股板短而宽,侧叶内绿密具鬃毛,前1/2长度内鬃毛粗壮,后1/2长度内鬃毛细长,有些末端卷曲;第七、八合腹节黑色,粉被极薄,后绿有1列较弱的缘鬃;第九腹节亮黑色,高大于长。

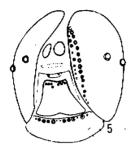
雄性毛器,肛尾叶侧面观基部粗壮,向下逐渐变细,末端 略 圆 而 明显向前钩曲。前阳基侧突末端钝圆,后缘骨质强,前缘在亚端部和亚基部各呈薄片状突起,两片突起不在同一纵轴上,以亚端部者为大;后阳基侧突末端尖,向上钩曲。阳体膜状突为 1 对形状不规则的突出物;侧阳体基部腹突很发达,侧面观如斧形,游离缘不整齐,有一骨化较强朝上的尖端;侧阳体端部无中央突,侧突 1 对,异常发达,腹面观合抱呈环状,侧突上部的小分枝非常细小,至多占主枝长的 1/。,甚至呈小棘状,侧阳体基部后缘中央无粒状突起。

雌, 额鬃11—12对,侧额鬃 3 对; 额宽略大于头宽的 ¹/₈,间额宽为侧额宽的 2 倍强, 各足股节和胫节均无长缨毛; 其它一般特征同雄性。雌性尾器, 第六背板分离型, 左、右两片很宽地离开,侧面观后缘呈圆弧形, 显著突出在第五背板后方; 第六腹板很宽, 后缘鬃极密, 约20根左右; 第十腹板呈倒梯形,前缘的长度约为后缘长度的3.5—4倍, 后缘鬃较弱, 约6根; 第八、第九腹板(肛下板)骨化都比较弱,轮廓不十分清

楚; 肛尾叶1对, 肾形, 边缘清楚, 被密毛。

产地,四川、马尔康(正模:♂,1978.17.23;配模;♀,1978.17.23;副模 9.♂♂, 1 ♀1978. Ⅷ. 23).

新种属巨叉麻蝇组 (scoparia-group) , 与巨叉麻蝇R. scoparia (Pandelle) 和达 乌利叉麻蝇R. daurica Grunin极近缘, 其区别如下:



巨叉麻Robineauella scoparia (Dandelle, 1896), Q蝇后腹部,后面观 daurica Grunin, 1964, Q后腹部,后面观

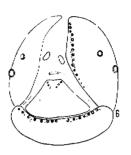


图 6 达乌利叉麻蝇Robineauella

	巨 叉 麻 蝇 R. scoparia(Pandelle, 1896)	达乌利麻蝇 R. daurica Grunin, 1964	暗 鑽 叉 麻 囗 R. nigribasicosta sp. no v
板 漿 对 数			
雄:	1113	. 11-13	13-16
雌;	10—11	9 10	11—12
侧板宽/间额宽			
雄;	1.0:2.0-2.5	1.0:1.8-2.0	1.0:3.5-4.0
離.	1.0:1.5-1.8	1.0:1.2-1.5	1.0:2.0-2.5
前绿基鳞	黄 白 色	黄 白 色	深棕色、暗色乃至黑色
上、下液瓣联接	黄色乃至棕色,棕色毛分布	黄白色乃至棕色	探棕乃至黑色分布达到
处解纂	达不到下腋瓣外縁的1/2处	•	下腹瓣外缘的 ¹ /2处
雄性尾器:			
侧面观肛尾叶末端形状	尖而不锐	略圓,稍何前钩曲	略圓、明显向前钩曲
侧阳体基部后鳔中央	· 无	有	无
粒状突起			
侧阳体端部侧突	上方小分枝大,其长度	上方小分枝大,其长度至	上方小分枝很小,至多占主
	至少达主枝长的1/4	少达主枝长的1/4	枝长的1/8、甚至量小糠状
难性尾襟:			
第六背板后缘業	复行	单行	单行
第六腹板后缘繫	10根	12—14根	20根
第七腹板前后缘长度比	2:1	(3.5-4):1	(3.5-4):1

新种前缘基鳞暗色,这在叉麻蝇属中是颇为特殊的,故以此命名。

DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SPECIES OF GENUS ROBINEAUELLA (DIPTERA, SARCOPHAGIDAE)

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Present paper deals with a new species of genus Robineauella Enderlein 1928, the types are deposited in the Institute of Microbiology and Epidemiology.

Robineauella nigribasicosta sp. nov. (figs. 1-4.) Body lenght 14.0-16.0mm.

Male, Frontal bristles 13-16, frons slightly less than 1/3 width of head, interfrontalia about four times as wide as a parafrontalia, length of 3rd antennae segment about two times that of the 2nd, arista very long, bucca with black hairs, pilosity of metacephalon nearly wholly black, but that of paracephalon grayish white; postocular bristles in three rows, interfrontalia black, face, parafacialia and mediane covered with silvery white pollen. Depression of propleura bare, ac only one pair of prescutellar, dc (6+7) – (5+6), only last two of which strong. Basicosta brown to black, squama white, fringe occurring on joint of upper and lower squama brown and black, halter brown. Front femur fringed on posteroventral surface, front tibia without tringe, mid femur and tibia with long fringes on anteroventral and posteroventral surfaces, hind femur and tibia with long frings on anteroventral and posteroventral surfaces. 3rd tergite without median marginals, 2nd to 4th sternites densely covered with long hairs, inner margin of lateral lobe of 5th sternite densely covered with strong bristeles (fig. 3). Male terminalia as shown in tigs, 1, 2.

Female, Frontal bristles 11—12, parairontal bristles 3, frons slightly more than 1/3 width of head, interfrontalia about twice as wide as a parafrontalia, all femora and tibiae without fringes, otherwise general characters similar to those of the male. Female terminalia as shown in fig. 4.

This new species belongs to the *scoparia*-group and closely related to *R*. *scoparia* (Pandelle) and *R*. *daurica* Grunin, but differs from them in the following characteristics,

Characters	R. scoparia (Pandelle)	R. daurica Grunin	R. nigribasicosta sp. nou
Frontal bristles			
male	11—13	1113	13—16
female	10—11	9 —10	11—12
Proportion of the width of			
parafrontalia and interfron-			
talia,			
male	1.0:2.0-2.5	1.0:1.8-2.0	1.0:3.5-4.0
female	1.0:1.5-1.8	1.0:1.2-1.5	1.0:2.0-2.5
Basicosta	yellowish white	yellowish white	brown to black
Fringe on joint of upper	yellow and brown	yellow and brown	brown and black
and lower squama	yellow alle blowb	yenow and brown	DIGHT AND DIACK
Male terminalia,	with a pointed tip,	with a somewheat round	with a somewha at rount
Anal cercus in lateral view	although not so sharp	tip, slightly bent forward	tip, rather distinctly forward
Median processes of pos-			
terior marginal of basal part	absent	present	absent
of paraphallus			
Lateral processes of apical	upper branches large, more	upper branches large, more	upper branches small, less
part of paraphallus	than 1/4 length of main	than 1/4 length of main	than 1/s length of main
	branches	branches	branches
Female terminalia:			,
Posterior marginal brist-	2 rows	1 row	1 row
les of 6th tergite			
Posterior marginal bristles			
of 6th sternite	10	12—14	20
Proportion of length of			
anterior and posterior mar-	2:1	(3.5-4):1	(3.5-4):1
gins of 7th sternite			

Type locality, Markang (holotype ♂, 23. W. 1978; allotype♀, 23. W. 1978; paratypes 9 ♂♂, 1♀, 23. W. 1678), Sichuan, China.